

Tay Valley Township Landfill Master Plan Draft

August 23rd, 2016



Maberly



Glen Tay



Stanleyville

Agenda

- Operational Review
- Strategic Plan – Accomplishments - Implications
- Regulator Framework – Including Bill 151
- Landfill Financial Model
- Model Scenario Outcomes
- Future Plan(s) & Summary

Executive Summary

- Compliance Issues
- Cost Savings Through:
 - Operational Considerations
 - Transportation
- Curbside Collection
- Increased Service Delivery at Low Cost !



Operational Review

- Five Monitored Landfills
 - Two Closed Sites – Noonan’s & Christie Lake
 - Three Depots – Glen Tay, Stanleyville & Maberly
- Depots are Open:

WINTER – ALL SITES (after Thanksgiving Weekend)	
Saturday	8 - 4
Wednesday	8 - 4
Glen Tay Site ONLY	
Monday 8 - 4	
Except: New Year’s Day, Family Day, Easter Monday, Remembrance Day, Christmas Day, Boxing Day. Christmas Eve Hours – 8 to Noon New Year’s Eve Hours – 8 to Noon	

SUMMER – ALL SITES (Victoria Day Weekend – Thanksgiving)	
Monday	8 - 4
Wednesday	8 - 4
Saturday	8 - 4
Sunday	10 - 6
Except: Canada Day	

Operational Review - Continued

➤ All Sites Receive:

- Waste & Blue Box
- Metal
- Glass
- Tires
- Reuse – Emporiums
- Batteries



➤ Additionally - Glen Tay Receives:

- Construction and Demolition (C & D)
- Shingles
- E-Waste
- Appliances

Operational Review - Continued

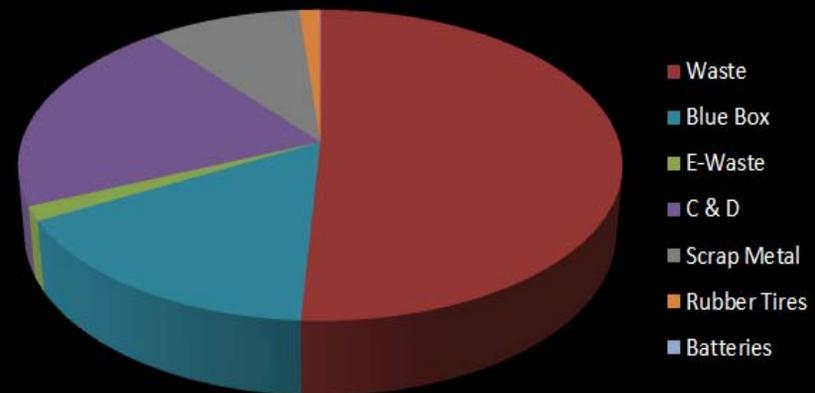
- Waste is Transported on a ~ Bi-Weekly Schedule from Stanleyville and Maberly to the Glen Tay landfill face.
- Blue Box (BB) Material is pick up as required along with Tires, WEEE, Batteries, C&D and the Scrap Metal Bin.
 - More Blue Box later

Operational Review - Continued

➤ Tonnages – Bordering on 50% diversion

- Landfilled Waste ~833t
- Diverted tonnages 804t

■ Blue Box	264t
■ E-Waste (WEEE)	24t
■ C&D	340t
■ Scrap Metal	155t
■ Rubber Tires	20t
■ Batteries	1t
■ Reuse	20t



Operational Review - Continued

➤ Remaining Landfill Capacity

- Glen Tay 177,000 m³ (Phase 1 only)
- Stanleyville 154,000 m³
- Maberly 5,900 m³
- The total 336,900 m³ equates to over 45 years of remaining capacity!
 - Each year with cover is ~ 7000 m³

Questions?

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Strategic Plan

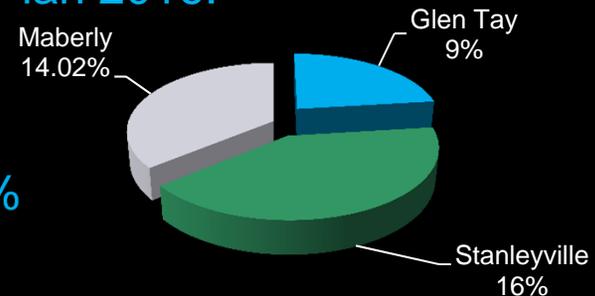
➤ 3.1 Initiative - Identify Remaining Useful Life at the Landfill Sites

- Retain engineering consultant to profile life cycle of each landfill with remaining capacity
- Remaining capacity is part of the yearly reports to the Ministry of Environment (MOE) ~ 330,000 m³ 35 to 45 years.
- Identify options to optimize landfill life cycle and identify extension triggers
- Reuse Centre - Efficient use and reuse of cover material - Diversion both Blue Box and Non Blue Box
- Develop a financial plan to support the ongoing operations including post closure
- Yearly contribution of \$25,000 could be reduced

Strategic Plan - Continued

➤ 3.2 Initiative - Develop a Waste Diversion Strategy to Maximize Remaining Landfill Capacity

- Develop and implement a Reuse Centre
- Operational since 2014 - measured diversion of 20+ tonnes in 2015.
- Conduct a cost benefit analysis of implementing weigh scale
- Considered in 2014 reconsidered in Master Plan 2016.
- Conduct a waste audit
- Completed in 2010 – Organics:
 - ↳ Glen Tay 9%, Stanleyville 16%, Maberly 14%
- Examine options to divert organics
- To be reconsidered in 2016 Plan e.g. composter \$40
- Explore markets for additional recyclables
- Bale & boat wrap limited success -bales landfilled



Strategic Plan - Continued

- 3.2 Initiative - Develop a Waste Diversion Strategy to Maximize Remaining Landfill Capacity
 - Enhance public education efforts to encourage positive behavior
 - Ongoing – Tires, E-Waste, Batteries – Tax Bills & Shared Lineage... Plastic?
 - Balance the needs of good environmental stewardship, long term sustainability
 - Balance? - Reports to the MOE each year
 - Review user fees to ensure revenues cover costs of waste streams
 - Large portion of this plan in the landfill model section
 - Reduce the number of bag tags issued per HH by 2015
 - Clear bags Introduced in 2016 and number of free bag tags reduced

Questions?



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Regulator Framework & Bill 151

- Environmental Protection Act (EPA)
 - Legislative framework for the establishment of waste management facilities
 - For a substantive change the Ministry requires an application for a Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA) under Part 5 Section 27 requiring:
 - Operational and Development Plan (OD)
 - Legal Survey
 - Operational Plan

Regulator Framework & Bill 151 - Continued

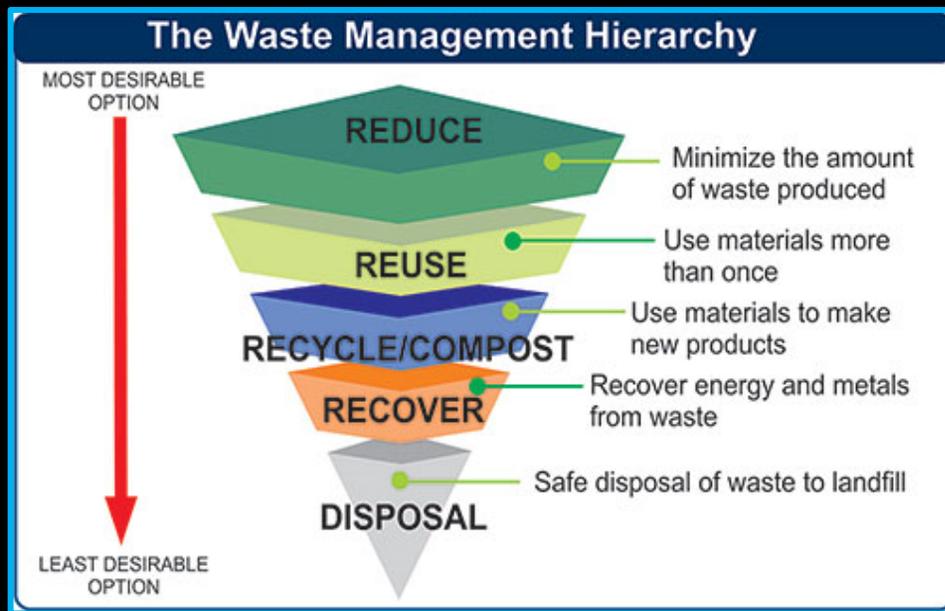
➤ Operational and Development Plan

- Phase 1 working closely with MOE to utilize site space.



Regulator Framework & Bill 151 - Continued

- Recycling and Composting of Municipal Waste
 - OR 101/94 target of 50% reduction 1987 to 2000
 - High expectations for a cultural change in waste



Regulator Framework & Bill 151 - Continued

- Landfill Sites under the EPA - OR 232/98
 - Landfill Operation & Design, Monitoring & Closure
- Bill 90 Waste Diversion
 - Promote 3 R's given Royal Assent 2002 - Created WDO
- MOE Guidelines B-7 and B-9
 - Provincial water quality objectives

Regulator Framework & Bill 151 - Continued

➤ Bill 151

■ The evolving tonne:

- Newsprint once 80% of tonnage now less than 25%
- New Package Formats – light weighting – lifestyle
- Fiber Evolution – home shopping → internet deliveries in Old Corrugated Cardboard (OCC)



Regulator Framework & Bill 151 - Continued

- Bill 151 - Waste Free Ontario Act (WFO)
 - Bill 91 was designed to replace Bill 90 but died in the legislature during the 2014 election
 - Bill 151 primary responsibility is to transition Blue Box, Tires and Electronics to producer responsibility under the Resource Recovery and Circular Economies Act
 - Replaces WDO with the “Authority” -- 3 years

Continuous Improvement Fund and AMO say

“Know your Costs!”

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Landfill Model Base Case

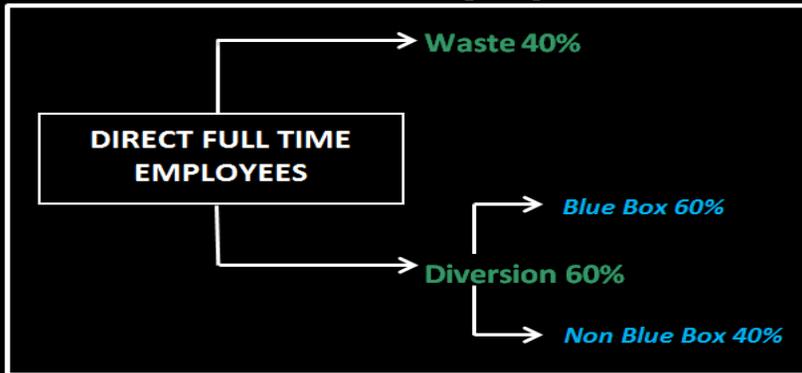
- Why model? – To combine operational and financial data into a decision making tool.
- Model is divided in to 3 segments
 - Landfill
 - 1. Waste that goes to all sites but ends up at the face of the Glen Tay Site
 - Diversion
 - 2. Blue Box (BB)
 - 3. Other Diversion – Non Blue Box



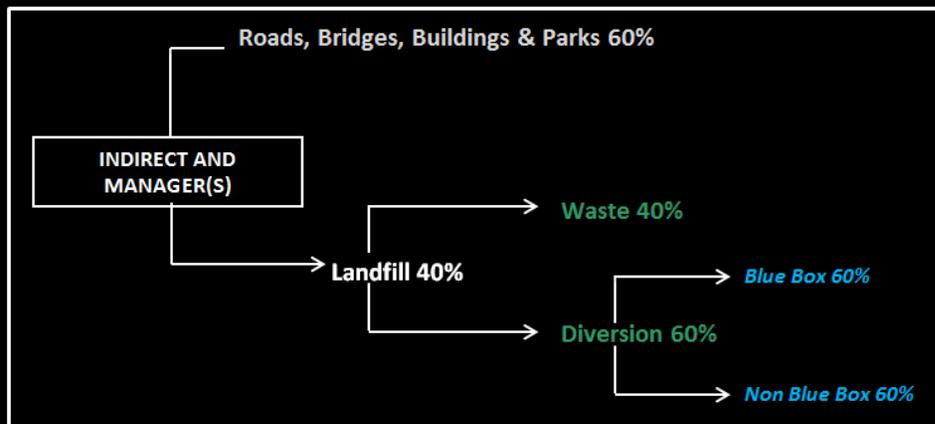
Tay Valley Township

Landfill Model Base Case - Labour

- Direct Full Time Employees (FTEs)



- Indirect and Manager(s) 2 FTEs 40% to landfills



Landfill Model

Base Case – General and Blue Box

- All 3 Sections of the Model have:
 - Transportation costs
 - Revenue specific to the section
- The Blue Box Section has:
 - WDO Model for the funding from the Stewards
- Capital Purchases are:
 - Reflected in each sections – Site Cost's Depreciation Line

Landfill Model

Blue Box Transportation Costs and Material Revenue - 2015

BB Transportation Cost	tonnes	lifts	\$/lift	bin rental	t/lift	Cost	\$101,284
Cans	25	175	\$38.43	0	0.14	\$6,725	
OCC	81.09	1225	\$38.43	6900	0.07	\$53,977	
Paper	104	334	\$38.43	0	0.31	\$12,836	
Plastics	54	722	\$38.43	0	0.07	\$27,746	
BB Material Revenue	tonnes	lifts	unit price ave			Revenue	-\$78,137
Cans	25	175	\$63.67			\$1,591.75	
OCC	81.09	1225	\$44.73			\$3,627.16	
Paper	104	334	\$13.92			\$1,447.68	
Plastics	54	722	-\$86.00			-\$4,644.00	
	264.09tonnes				\$2,022.59		
Blue Box Sales	20		\$10.00			\$200	
WDO Contribution estimate						\$75,915	

Landfill Model

Base Case – Waste Costs

➤ Waste Net Cost - \$322k/y for all sites

- Labour \$111k
- Site Cost \$ 42k
- Compaction Cover \$ 76k
- Engineering and Monitoring \$ 75k
- Transportation \$ 50k
- Waste Revenue \$ -32k
- \$/t waste -- **\$395/t**

Base Case – Waste Costs Points of Interest

- Waste Net Cost - \$322k/y for all sites
 - Compaction Cover-was \$45k/y needs to be higher ~ \$75k/y
 - Engineering and Monitoring-was \$149k/y now at \$75k/y
 - Transportation \$50k
 - Waste Revenue \$32k – predominantly shingles & multi user fees - only \$350 from bag tags
 - \$/t waste -- **\$395/t**

Landfill Model

Base Case – Blue Box Costs

➤ Blue Box Net Cost - \$139k/y

■ Labour	\$100k
■ Site Cost	\$ 13k
■ Advertising	\$ 3k
■ Transportation	\$101k
■ Blue Box Revenue	\$ -78k
■ \$/t waste --	\$525/t

Base Case – Blue Box Costs Points of Interest

➤ Blue Box Net Cost - \$139k/y

- Labour \$100k
- Transportation Cost \$101k
 - ↳ OCC = 1225 Lifts/Year = \$ 54,000/y
 - ↳ Plastic = \$28,000/y and increasing
- Blue Box Revenue \$ 78k
 - \$ (76k) from WDO –data call
 - \$ (2k) for material
- \$/t Blue Box -- **\$525/t**

Landfill Model

Base Case – Non BB Costs

- Non Blue Box Diversion (NBB) Net Cost - \$116k/y
 - Labour \$ 67k
 - Site Cost \$ 8k
 - Transportation \$ 92k
 - Non Blue Box Revenue \$-52k
 - \$/t NBBD -- **\$207/t**

Base Case – Non BB Costs Points of Interest

- Non Blue Box Diversion (NBBD) Net Cost - \$116/y
 - Labour \$ 67k
 - Transportation \$ 92k
 - Metal, C&D, Brush, Freon Removal, Hazardous Home Waste
 - ↳ C&D = \$71,000/y (transportation and tipping fees)
 - Non Blue Box Revenue \$-52k
 - \$/t Non Blue Box -- **\$207/t**

Landfill Model Base Case – Segments

- Total Landfill Net Cost \$577k/y
- Waste Net Cost \$322k/y
 - Waste/tonne costs \$395/t
- Blue Box Net Costs \$139k/y
 - BB/tonne costs \$595/t
- Non Blue Box Diversion Net \$116k/y
 - NBB diversion/tonne costs \$207/t

Landfill Model

Waste, Blue Box & Non Blue Box Net Costs -2015

Summary	Waste	BB	NBB	Total
Gross \costs				
Labour	\$110,614	\$99,933	\$66,622	\$277,169
Site Costs	\$42,077	\$12,579	\$8,386	\$63,043
Cover	\$76,400			\$76,400
MOE Reports	\$74,600			\$74,600
Advertizing		\$3,018		\$3,018
Transportation	\$50,410	\$101,284	\$92,463	\$244,157
Revenue	-\$32,047	-\$78,252	-\$51,623	-\$161,923
Total Net Costs	\$322,053	\$138,562	\$115,848	\$576,464

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Landfill Model 2016-2017 Savings

- C&D Revenue 25% increase (\$ 7,900)
 - Signs, Training
 - Need set fees/measurable amounts
 - Changes to the fees By-Law

- Fully Utilize Compactors (\$ 8,800)
 - Full by early Sunday in the Summer

- Only Thursday Waste Cover (\$ 8,700)
 - Contractor can better utilize his machinery

Landfill Model 2016-2018 Capital Investment

- Two Compactors at Glen Tay (\$ 11,000)
 - OD & timeline to MOE, purchase cost

- Weigh Scale for C&D (\$200/t)
 - OD, service/calibration, space & staging (\$10,000)
 - Tipping fees accurately determined by scale

 - Staffing Included - yearly cost increase \$36,000!

Landfill Financial Model

Other Considerations

- 10% Waste to Recycling \$ 14.4k
 - Clear bags
 - More cost to divert to Blue Box

 - Waste Net Neutral (WNN) (\$ 322k)
 - 3\$ bag tag, no exchange program
 - Revenue generated
- Note:** this is not a savings to the taxpayer
- ↳ It is an exchange of payment methods or source of funds
 - ↳ Volatile revenue source against fixed expenses

Landfill Model 2016-2017 Roll Off

➤ Our Own Roll Off - Utilizing IBS of ELP trucks



- Re-purpose of Plow Truck **\$12,600**
- Waste Transport Including Labour **(\$35,000)**
- C&D and Metal **(\$71,200)**
- Dedicated Roll Off **(\$52,900)**

Landfill Model Transfer BB to MRF

➤ A MRF is a Materials Recover Facility

- Located locally in:

Kingston, Ottawa, Brockville and Belleville



➤ There Would be no Savings to do this In-House

- Would require a full time driver - 2 loads daily
- Purchase of a dedicated roll off truck
- Reduction in transportation costs is more than off-set by vehicle purchase and labour costs
- Totalling \$81,000

Landfill Model Curbside

- Two Local Municipal Approaches
 - Drummond North Elmsley – Contractor Picks Up and Places Waste and Recycling at Municipal Site
 - Approximately a \$600,000 plus in expenditure
 - \$190/Household, shown on tax bills
 - Requires site to be maintained and to be open to public
 - Rideau Lakes – Municipal Personnel Pick up Waste and 2 Stream Recycling and Deliver to Municipal Site
 - Roll Off and adding enough bins to accommodate waste and recycling for a week
 - There are significant possibilities for
TVT

Landfill Model Scenarios – Curbside

➤ Curbside

- Continuing with a roll off truck the starting place for savings is (\$53,000). Debenture purchase of trucks and reallocation of personnel
 - \$29,000
- Debenture Payments & Depreciation
 - \$66,000
- Charging \$1 per tag
 - (\$40,000)



Questions ?



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Landfill Future Plan(s)

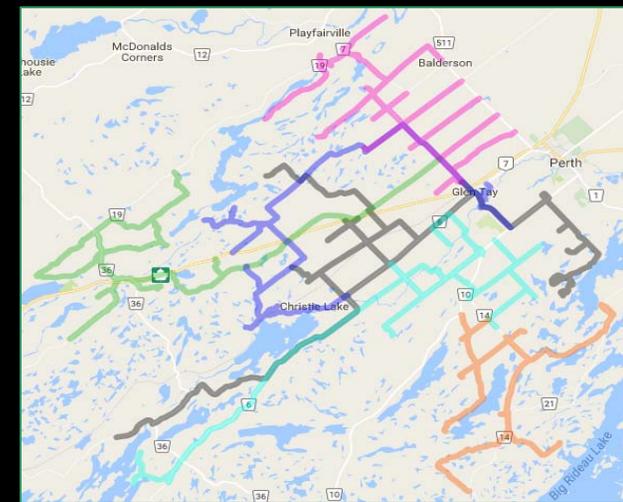
- Extension of Present BB and Transportation Contract
- Phase 1 and Compliance at Glen Tay
 - OD and ECA – Operational Improvements
- Acquisition of Roll Off Truck(s)
 - Waste Transportation
 - and Other Diversion Transport



Landfill Future Plan(s)

➤ Curbside Collection

- Acquisition of Collection & Compaction Truck(s)
- Design of Routes
- Communication to Residents
- Re-design of Landfills



Landfill Master Plan Summary

- Compliance Issues – Working With MOE, McIntosh Perry and Rock Lake to Rectify
- Operational Improvement Cost Savings
 - Full Compactors
 - One Day Waste Cover
 - Increased C&D
- Future Revenue Through Bill 151
- Capital Cost Reductions
 - Compactor, Roll Off

Landfill Master Plan Summary

➤ Curbside Collection

- Provides necessary service to the aging population and attractive service to busy families
 - Long term risk to not have curbside in place
- Environmentally responsible
 - 2 trucks rather than 1000s of cars/wk
- Major increased service delivery with little cost to the community as a whole.

THE END

