

# 2019 Sewage System Re-inspection Program

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# **Executive Summary**

During the 2019 Sewage system Re-inspection program, one hundred (100) properties were inspected on 15 Lakes, listed in the table to the right. Eighty-eight (88) properties were inspected through the Mandatory program while tweleve (12) were inspected through the voluntary program. One hundred (100) site visits were conducted. Some properties had more than one sewage system on the property, therefore a total of one hundred and six (106) inspection reports were conducted.

Properties included in the Mandatory program were notified of their appointment in the property owner package and were given the opportunity to arrange a new appointment, if required. Participants were asked to return the questionnaire, included in the property owner information package, to the Mississippi Rideau Septic Office (MRSSO). Once System received. the administration staff entered the questionnaire in our database as being returned. Properties that did not have returned questionnaires were still visited on the set appointment date. If no property owner was home at the time, a notice was left for them to reschedule.

| Mandatory            |            |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Lake                 | Properties |  |  |  |  |
| Adam                 | 13         |  |  |  |  |
| Bennett              | 8          |  |  |  |  |
| Bob's                | 25         |  |  |  |  |
| Farren               | 1          |  |  |  |  |
| Little<br>Silver     | 1          |  |  |  |  |
| Long                 | 7          |  |  |  |  |
| Otty                 | 29         |  |  |  |  |
| Pike                 | 4          |  |  |  |  |
| Voluntary            |            |  |  |  |  |
| Big<br>Rideau        | 3          |  |  |  |  |
| Bolton<br>Creek      | 2          |  |  |  |  |
| Christie             | 2          |  |  |  |  |
| Clear                | 2          |  |  |  |  |
| Grants<br>Creek      | 1          |  |  |  |  |
| Mississippi<br>River | 1          |  |  |  |  |
| O'Brien              | 1          |  |  |  |  |
| Total                | 100        |  |  |  |  |

The inspections began on April 25, 2019 and the last inspection was completed on October 21, 2019. Most of the inspections were completed in July, a month when cottagers are most likely to be present.

As a result of the programs, sixty-three (63) systems were identified as having no concern, thirty-eight (38) systems required remedial work, four (4) system replacements were required and one (1) required more information. Note that some properties had more than one system.

In conclusion, the MRSSO was able to:

- Conduct one hundred and six (106) septic re-inspections in 2019; ninety-three (94) Mandatory and twelve (12) Voluntary
- Meet 73% of waterfront property owners on-site and provide information regarding the maintenance and operation of their sewage system;
- Identify 4 systems requiring replacement, therefore removing point source pollution from Bob's and Otty Lakes.



### 1 Introduction

A working sewage system is an integral part of any home or cottage not serviced by a municipal sewer. As such, proper maintenance and operation of the sewage system is essential to the continued life of the system. A Septic Re-Inspection Program provides:

- 1. Participants with information and advice regarding the proper operation and maintenance of their septic system;
- 2. A proactive approach to identifying risks to human health or the natural environment
- 3. A database of inspected existing septic systems that can be used as planning tool for municipalities

Malfunctioning on-site sewage systems can have both human health and environmental impacts beyond the property on which they are located. Nutrient and bacteria-rich effluent can travel through soil and rock fractures to surface water bodies, and ground water sources. Contamination of surface water can cause excessive aquatic plant growth, depletion of oxygen in lakes, and impact the natural habitat for aquatic species. Ground water contamination can cause human illness and even death. This makes it crucial that property owners be aware of the location and operation of their septic system. Under the Ontario Building Code it is the property owner's responsibility to ensure that their sewage system is working properly, not only for their health, but also that of the surrounding community and environment.

The Tay Valley Township has led the way locally for the sewage system reinspection program as well as other initiatives that work towards protecting the quality of surface and ground water. Since the voluntary sewage system reinspection pilot program on Christie Lake was initiated in 2000, the Township has now conducted approximately 2794 re-inspections across the Township. The program combines the education of the homeowner regarding the maintenance of their sewage system with an inspection component. A follow-up component is also essential to ensure that the program effectively manages identified sewage system problems.

The authority for the MRSSO, and other enforcement agencies, to conduct inspections of potentially unsafe sewage systems is provided by BCA s.15.9(1). The program Authority can be found in Appendix D.



In 2012, Tay Valley Township implemented the Mandatory (mandatory) Reinspection program, on seven lakes within the municipality with the addition of Little Silver Lake and Rainbow Lakes in 2016 (Appendix D), at the request of the Lake Associations. The term Mandatory Program comes from the Ontario Building Code which allows Municipalities the discretion to set up mandatory re-inspection programs. The Voluntary program continues on the remaining lakes and rivers.

The sewage system re-inspection program for 2019 began by selecting properties to be involved (based on a 10 year cycle), contacting property owners, and informing them of the inspection to take place. A site visit was made and either a visual inspection took place, or a visual and a tank inspection was completed. An inspection report was filled out and the owner was notified of any deficiencies to be rectified.

This year, 2019, was the first year in which an electronic form was used to complete the inspection report. Using an ArcGIS product called Survey123, an electronic form with the features of the original Septic Re-inspection Report Form was created. Since this new feature was finalized mid-season, one (1) report was conducted using the previous method of paper copy. This was then later uploaded to Survey123.

The results for the one hundred and six (106) inspections completed in 2019 were compiled and this report is the culmination of those efforts.



# 2 Program Implementation

### 2.1 Inspection Schedule

In 2012, By-Law No. 2012-009 was passed to implement a Mandatory Reinspection program for seven lakes. An inspection schedule (Table 1, below) was developed for the properties that qualified for the program. These properties had systems that were 10 years and older and had not been inspected previously. Table 2 provides for the number of re-inspections over the next five years based on the selection criteria. Voluntary inspections are conducted based on the same parameters as the Mandatory program but are not mandatory and occur on the remaining lakes and rivers in the Township.

Table 1 Mandatory Inspection Schedule

| Year 1<br>(2012) |                    | 1       | Year 2<br>(2013)   |         | Year 3<br>(2014)   | Year 4<br>(2015) |                    |  |
|------------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|--|
| Lake             | # of<br>Properties | Lake    | # of<br>Properties | Lake    | # of<br>Properties | Lake             | # of<br>Properties |  |
| Adams            | 12                 | Adams   | completed          | Adams   | completed          | Adams            | completed          |  |
| Bennett          | 10                 | Bennett | 10                 | Bennett | 44                 | Bennett          | 23                 |  |
| Bob's            | 10                 | Bob's   | 10                 | Bob's   | 19                 | Bob's            | completed          |  |
| Farren           | 20                 | Farren  | 25                 | Farren  | completed          | Farren           | completed          |  |
| Long             | 14                 | Long    | completed          | Long    | completed          | Long             | completed          |  |
| Otty             | 10                 | Otty    | 28                 | Otty    | completed          | Otty             | completed          |  |
| Pike             | 10                 | Pike    | 10                 | Pike    | 10                 | Pike             | 63                 |  |
| То               | tal = 86           | Tota    | al = 83            | Tot     | al = 83            | Tota             | al = 86            |  |

<sup>\*</sup> property information based on CGIS data in 2011 (best available data)



<sup>\*</sup> undeveloped properties removed

<sup>\*</sup> the number of properties shown represents those that have never been inspected under the program

<sup>\*</sup> the original program began in 2002, therefore the 10 year re-inspection requirement will begin to apply to the mandatory water bodies in 2012, resulting in additional properties on the mandatory water bodies being re-inspected from 2012 forward

<sup>\*</sup> inspections each year will occur first on the properties under the mandatory program, then on properties that are up for re-inspection under the 10-year timeframe, then inspections will occur on properties under the voluntary program to bring the total properties inspected to 200 per year

Table 2 10 Year Mandatory Inspection Schedule

Equalized - Mandatory 10 year Property Selection\*

| ~       | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | Total |
|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Long    | 1    | 8    | 1    | 1    | 8    | 2    | 1    | 12   | 1    | 7    | 42    |
| Farren  | 2    | 0    | 21   | 1    | 1    | 41   | 9    | 22   | 10   | 21   | 128   |
| Pike    | 32   | 1    | 34   | 1    | 3    | 58   | 1    | 7    | 19   | 15   | 171   |
| Otty    | 19   | 1    | 8    | 31   | 31   | 4    | 51   | 11   | 26   | 21   | 203   |
| Adam    | 2    | 30   | 2    | 0    | 13   | 0    | 2    | 10   | 3    | 5    | 67    |
| Bob's   | 19   | 5    | 4    | 41   | 24   | 2    | 4    | 9    | 9    | 12   | 129   |
| Bennett | 64   | 10   | 4    | 25   | 10   | 1    | 34   | 10   | 11   | 1    | 170   |
| Total   | 139  | 55   | 74   | 100  | 90   | 108  | 102  | 81   | 79   | 82   | 910   |

| Equalizing Changes: | Otty 30 from 2018 moved to 2019 | Bennett 10 from 2018 to 2019 |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
|                     | Bob's 20 from 2018 to 2019      | Farren 14 from 2023 to 2024  |

<sup>\*</sup> Table developed using information in CGIS as of March 2015. Numbers derived from re-inspection age (≥ 10yrs), permit age (≥ 10yrs) and vacant properties removed (MPAC Property Code 100 Series). Numbers will change due to new development/re-development i.e.

new sewage systems.

### 2.2 Property Selection Protocol

The re-inspection program in Tay Valley Township is a combination of mandatory and voluntary inspections, with the goal of conducting 200 inspections of waterfront properties each year. Seven hundred and forty (740) voluntary packages and ninety (90) mandatory property owner packages were mailed out (Appendix A).

Participants were selected using CGIS, the Township's GIS database program. The lakes involved in the 2019 program are outlined in the re-inspection document and were selected using CGIS. Lists were produced meeting the following criteria:

 Waterfront properties that either have a septic permit that is 10 years or older or does not have permit information and has not been re-inspected in the past 10 years and is not vacant.

A property selection protocol has been developed (Appendix E) to ensure the accuracy of the property selection process. The accuracy of the 2019 list was 97.8% based on the responses received from property owners that did not qualify.

For the Mandatory program, eighty-seven (87) properties were inspected, a total of three less than the ninety (90) properties that qualified for 2019. Table 3 shows the variance in inspections per lake.



Table 3 Property variance

| Lake          | Number to inspect | Actual number inspected | Reason for Variance   |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Adam          | 13                | 13                      |   |
| Bennett       | 9                 | 8                       | (1) Multiple cottages (business),<br>governed by Ministry of Environment. |
| Bob's         | 25                | 24                      | (1) Scheduling issue; added to list for 2020 re-inspection program.       |
| Farren        | 1                 | 1                       |   |
| Little Silver | 1                 | 1                       |   |
| Long          | 8                 | 8                       |   |
| Otty          | 29                | 29                      |   |
| Pike          | 4                 | 4                       |   |

## 2.3 Distribution of Request for Participation

On April 9, 2019, the initial mail out for the Mandatory program was performed. Following the protocol set out in the Mandatory re-inspection by-law; mandatory inspections were completed on properties not previously inspected and those that have not been inspected in 10 years.

The inspections began on April 25, 2019 and the last inspection was completed on October 21, 2019. Most of the inspections were completed in July, the month when cottagers are most likely to be present.

# 2.4 Scheduling

Once a participant contacted our office, either by returning the questionnaire, calling, faxing, emailing or completing the online questionnaire, the information was recorded in the database under four different categories:

- Questionnaire returned with appointment
- Questionnaire returned without appointment
- Appointment without a Questionnaire
- Removed from list (permit number or reason recorded)

Voluntary program:



 As stated in our information package (Appendix A) appointments are first come, first served. Once the appointments made by property owners are scheduled, returned questionnaires without appointments are scheduled and the property owner notified of the scheduling at least one week in advance. The MRSSO's goal is to schedule 10 appointments per day. This approach was used for both programs, with one change for the

### Mandatory program:

- Property owners were provided with a scheduled appointment with the option to change it upon request, in the property owner's package.
- 73% of property owners were present for the inspection.

### 3 Results and Discussion

# 3.1 Distribution of Sewage System Re-inspections

The re-inspection program resulted in one hundred (100) properties visited with one hundred and six (106) inspections completed in 2019 on fifteen (15) different bodies of water shown below in Figure 1.

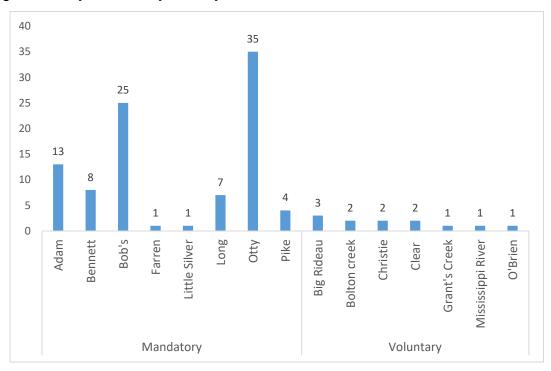


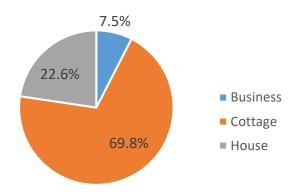
Figure 1 Properties Inspected per Lake

From information collected through the questionnaire, records of mailing addresses, and observations at the time of the inspection, the 106 properties inspected were designated to be cottage, house, or business.



Figure 2 illustrates that seventy-four (74) of the inspections were completed on cottage properties, twenty-four (24) on residential properties, and eight (8) on business properties. The systems on business properties were used for cottage rentals. While residential properties consistently generate more wastewater and have the potential to contribute more nutrients to the environment, seasonal properties often have older, under-sized systems that experience peak flows, which could lead to a greater environmental impact. Therefore, a mix of both seasonal and residential properties is desirable.

Figure 2 **Property Use** 



# 3.2 Class of Sewage System

Five primary classes of wastewater treatment systems are identified in Part 8 of the OBC as outlined below.

Class 1 - Earth Pit, Vault, Pail and Portable Privies, Composting Toilets

Class 2 - Greywater Systems

Class 3 - Cesspools

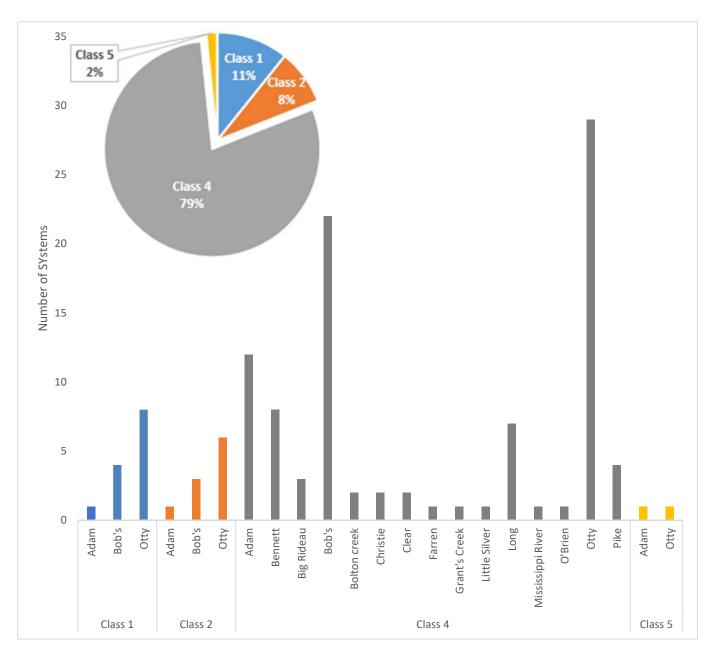
Class 4 - Septic Tank and Leaching Bed

Class 5 - Holding tanks

Figure 3 displays the primary type of on-site wastewater system for each property where it was known, either from the visual inspection, or from information provided by the homeowner.



Figure 3 System Class per Lake



It is not uncommon, and many times it is necessary, for properties to have more than one class of system present on the property. For instance, if the primary class of system is a privy, then generally a Class 2 system is required for greywater treatment. It is strongly recommended that property owners with a Class 4 or Class 5 system direct all sources of greywater to that system unless otherwise approved.

### 3.3 Class 4 and Class 5 Systems

The most prevalent Class of sewage system found was Class 4 at 78% of the systems inspected. Due to the difficulty in determining the type of Class 4 sewage system in use, and the lack of homeowner certainty, we did not distinguish between the different types of leaching fields of Class 4 systems.

Very stringent requirements are identified in the OBC for allowing the installation of a Class 5 system (holding tank). One of those requirements is that it can be installed only when no other type of Class 4 system, meeting the OBC requirements, can be placed on the property. Two holding tanks were identified during the 2019 re-inspection program.

### 3.4 Class 1, 2, and 3 Systems

Throughout the inspections, there were thirteen (13) Class 1 and ten (10) Class 2 systems identified. Class 1, 2 and 3 systems are adequate options for protecting the environment when designed and installed correctly. The construction of Class 2 or 3 system requires a permit to construct while a Class 1 does not require a permit, but construction requirements are enforced. A Class 3 system can only receive waste from a Class 1. This type of system is most commonly associated with a composting toilet and the overflow option.

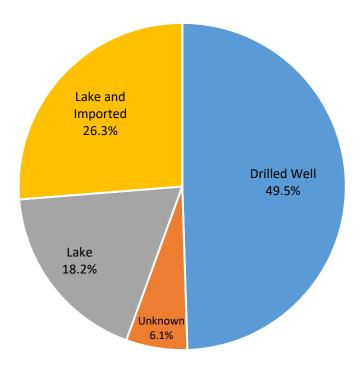
Typically, these classes of system do not provide pre-treatment of wastewater prior to entering the ground and therefore should be considered for use in temporary or very low-use conditions. If these systems are located too close to water, they can have a significant impact on water quality during seasons of peak use.

# 3.5 Wells and Drinking Water

Information was collected during the field inspection on the source of drinking water, and water treatment practices of the property owners. During the visual inspection, if a pipe pumping water from the water body was visible, and no well was located, then the water source was assumed to be the lake (or river). If no pipe was visible and a well was located, then the water source was recorded as a well. Water source indicated as "unknown" means the water source could not be determined. Information provided by the property owner is more accurate than that found during the visual inspection and is preferable for identifying the water source on-site. Figure 4 illustrates the percentage and type of water supply systems.



Figure 4 Water Source



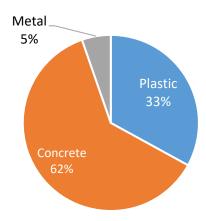
Although the Leeds, Grenville and Lanark Health Unit has free water testing available and water bottles are available for pick up at The Office in Perth, ON, many property owners do not test their drinking water regularly.

# 3.6 Tank Inspection

The tank material was observed during the tank inspection. If the tank was not uncovered for the re-inspection, the tank material was determined by using a soil probe to locate the tank and to determine the construction material by the sound/feel it created. Of the one-hundred and six (106) inspections, there were ninety-four (94) septic or holding tanks. Figure 5 shows the breakdown for the common tank materials found: concrete, plastic, and metal.



Figure 5 Tank Material



As a result of the re-inspection program, it was noticed that 34.5% of concrete septic tanks had signs of corrosion (Illustration 1). Concrete corrosion can be caused by a build up of gases (from normal operation) reacting with the concrete. The corrosion can cause baffles to fall off, effluent to escape around the outlet pipe and the tank to become structurally unsafe.



Illustration 1: Concrete Corrosion around Outlet Baffle

Effluent filters are generally a plastic screen with narrow slots (1.6 mm opening) which allows the effluent to pass through and helps retain solids in the tank. Not only does the effluent filter reduce solids, but it allows bacteria to grow on the surface providing further treatment. The combined effect means cleaner effluent enters the leaching bed which can extend the life of the system. The OBC requires an effluent filter in every new system installed since 2006; septic installers or sewage haulers can install a filter into an existing tank upon request. Although filters function passively, they do require regular maintenance to ensure proper operation. Regular maintenance requires the filter to be removed from its housing and rinsed off into the septic tank. The MRSSO recommends annual cleaning of the filter. As shown in Illustration 2, an unmaintained effluent filter can clog, potentially causing sewage break-out to the surface of the ground or even a back-up in the dwelling.



Illustration 2 - Clogged Effluent Filter



### 3.7 Separation Distances

Horizontal separation distances are measured from the dwelling, lot line, well and shoreline to the sewage system components. Figure 6 represents the separation distance measured from septic/holding tanks and leaching bed to the surface water. The measurements were sorted into three categories:

- Less than 15m (<15m) Does not meet OBC or Official Plan requirements
- Between 15m 30m Meets OBC but does not meet Official Plan requirements
- Greater than 30m (>30m) Exceeds OBC and meets Official Plan requirements

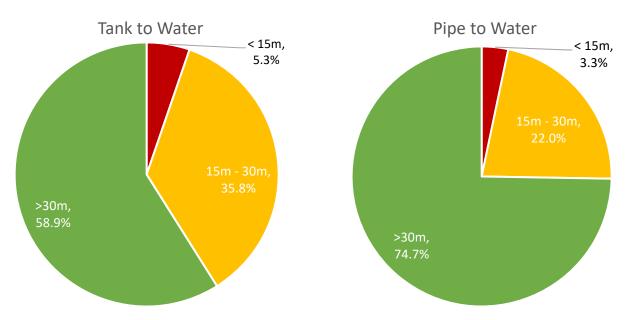


Figure 6 Separation Distance -Tank and Leaching Bed to Water

Although a reduced separation distance does not necessarily provide evidence of ground or surface water contamination, it is important to recognize that these systems are present.

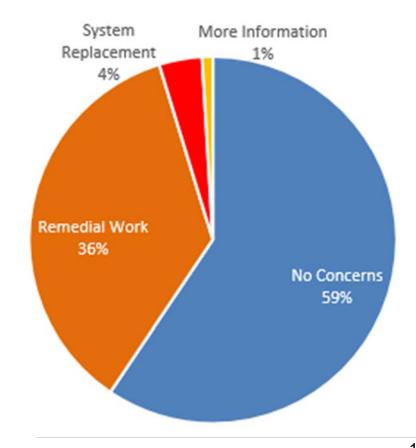


### 3.8 Sewage System Status

When completing an inspection of the existing sewage system the MRSSO has developed the following terms to identify the overall sewage system status or condition, as shown in Figure 7:

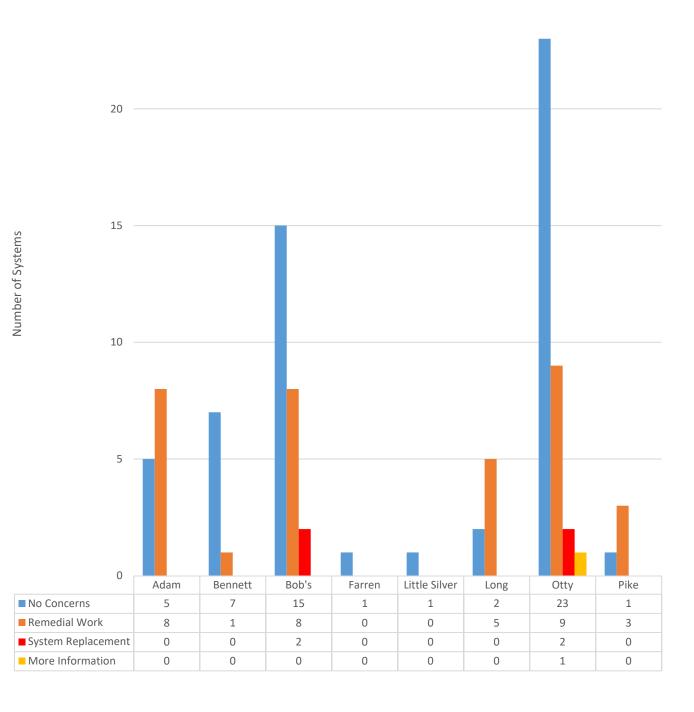
- No Concern At the time of inspection there were no operational and/or maintenance issues identified.
- **Remedial Work Required** At the time of inspection operational and/or maintenance issues were identified. These issues generally do not require a permit to remedy.
- **More Information Required** At the time of inspection one or more questions arose regarding the class of system, location of components, water source, pumping, maintenance and/or operation of the system.
- System Replacement Required At the time of inspection it was determined that the on-site system was not being maintained or operated properly and was posing or could pose a risk to human health and/or the environment.

Figure 7 System Status - Mandatory Program





25





Every septic system requires regular maintenance to ensure it is operating efficiently and safely. System deficiencies are generally classified as remedial work items. Table 4 illustrates the most common deficiencies found during the reinspection program.

Table 4 System Deficiencies

| Pump out required                            | 22 |
|--|----|
| Baffles require maintenance (broken/missing) | 7  |
| Effluent above/below operating level of tank | 3  |
| Filter cleaned/to be cleaned                 | 5  |
| Tank Corrosion                               | 20 |
| Recommend Risers                             | 1  |

<sup>\*</sup>note: some properties have more than one sewage system maintenance issue.

### 3.9 Follow-up and Enforcement

If the re-inspection report was completed on-site using a paper copy, a physical carbon copy of the re-inspection form was left with the property owner or in a visible, protected location (i.e. between doors). If the re-inspection report was filled using the electronic form using Survey123, a results post card (Appendix A) was left onsite and the report was downloaded at the office and returned to the property owner via email, mail or both; whichever was the preferred method. If the property owner was not present during the inspection, the report was sent via email if MRSSO had the property owner's email address or mailed if MRSSO did not have an email address. As a result, property owners have been able to deal with maintenance or operation issue(s) in a timely manner.

Items that require remedial work under the Mandatory program are now required to be followed up with. Property owners have been requested to provide proof of pump-out and additional inspections have taken place for other items. Of the 17 properties requiring follow up, 6 have been completed. Follow-up inspections include site visits, compliance letters and Orders to Comply. The type of enforcement is determined by the severity of the issue. Orders to Comply are issued under the Building Code Act, Division B, Section 8.9 and Division C Section 1.10 of the Ontario Building Code.

Sewage Systems found to be malfunctioning or posing a risk to human health or the environment will require replacement. The four (4) systems identified in the 2019 program are seasonal. These properties have been notified the systems are expected to be replaced or removed by summer 2020.

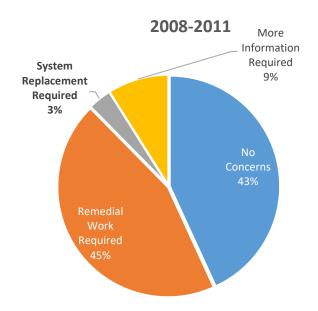


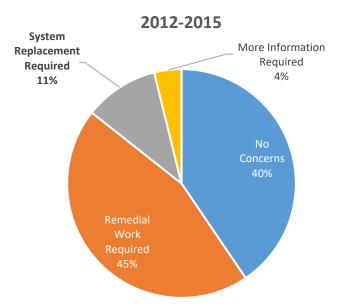
# 4 Program Comparison

The initial Mandatory Re-inspection program was established over a 4-year period, from 2012-2015, to complete inspections on all qualifying properties on Adam, Bennett, Bob's, Farren, Long, Otty and Pike Lake. Prior to the Mandatory program, these Lakes were included in the Townships voluntary program. *Figure 8* outlines the system status for the lakes during 2008-2011, when the inspections were voluntary, *Figure 9* provides the comparison of the same lakes from 2012 to 2015 under the Mandatory Program. As illustrated, the percentage of systems identified that required replacement under the voluntary program was 3% compared to 11% during the first four years of the Mandatory Program.

Figure 8 Voluntary System Status Results

Figure 9 Mandatory Sysytem Status Results







### 5 Recommendations

While the 2019 Septic Re-inspection Program for Tay Valley Township was successful, MRSSO outlines recommendations that can be used in the following years in an effort to streamline the process and make any possible improvements. Some of these recommendations are MRSSO internal changes and will be used to improve all re-inspection programs in a general manner. These recommendations include:

- Continued Mandatory and Voluntary Septic Re-inspection Program,
- Follow up initial voluntary mail-out to promote increased participation for the Voluntary Septic Re-inspection Program,
- With the assistance of Township staff, arrange presentations for Lakes involved in 2020 program,
- Use of Survey123 electronic form for all septic re-inspections to avoid discrepancies,
- Update to Survey123 to better accommodate report factors such as holding tanks, remedial work required, etc. (This will require use of technical services), and
- Increase the MRSSO locating and excavation fee to \$80 (\$40 per lid). This
  better represents the cost and time associated with locating and excavating.
  The fee will be continued to be charged at the discretion of MRSSO staff
  and only in agreement with the property owner.



### 6 Conclusions

The 2019 program completed a full inspection on all properties selected. Approximately 59% of these systems had no concerns. It should be noted that the age of a system was not a significant factor in deficiencies identified. In turn, the diligence of the property owner in regard to the operation and maintenance of their system had a greater impact on the deficiencies identified.

Four (4) properties were re-inspected where it was determined that system replacement would be required. Only one of these systems was a Class 4 sewage system. The other three (3) systems that required replacement were greywater systems; including one (1) outdoor shower.

Interaction with property owners during the re-inspection program this year was very positive. Approximately 78% of property owners were able to be present during the re-inspection. Most of the homeowners encountered were very supportive of the re-inspection program.

One hundred (100) properties were inspected on fifteen (15) Lakes. Eighty-eight (88) properties were inspected through the Mandatory program while twelve (12) were inspected through the voluntary program. The program identified four (4) systems requiring replacement, which will aid in the prevention of pollution along our waterways. The rest of the re-inspections provided insights on sewage system maintenance and operation standards. This insight, along with the continued re-inspection program in future years will provide major preventative action towards ensuring a cleaner and safer environment.

Having homeowners excavate their tanks prior to re-inspection will be continued in the 2020 re-inspection season. This enabled a much more efficient re-inspection process.

Continued emphasis will be placed on attending Lake Association functions and offering information seminars to the public regarding changes to the program and the maintenance and operation of sewage systems within the Township. The opportunity to hear the concerns of waterfront property owners and address misconceptions regarding sewage systems and the re-inspection programs is beneficial in promoting the proper maintenance and operation of sewage systems and identifying areas of concern.



The MRSSO's continued commitment to the property owners of Tay Valley Township is to provide fair, accurate and timely service. It is hoped that the momentum of the sewage system re-inspection program continues in the coming years, as it is a valuable asset to the health of the environment and the community.



# Appendix A Homeowner Package





# THE VOLUNTARY SEWAGE SYSTEM RE-INSPECTION PROGRAM IS AN IMPORTANT PART OF COUNCIL'S ENVIRONMENTAL STRATEGY.

A properly functioning septic system is an integral part of a healthy lake environment. Improperly maintained systems can be a significant contributor of nutrient and bacteriological pollution to an adjacent water body. The Septic Re-Inspection Program is aimed at achieving a better understanding of system function, increasing owner education and preventative measures. The implications of poor maintenance are costly to the owner and to the community. Our program history shows owners are committed to protecting their lake lifestyle, as is the Township.

The Mississippi/Rideau Sewage System Office (MRSSO), on behalf of the Tay Valley Township, will be conducting re-inspections in your area this summer. The MRSSO is a co-operation between the Rideau Valley and the Mississippi Valley Conservation Authorities, contracted to conduct the Sewage Re-Inspection Program. Re-inspections can be scheduled to better accommodate property owners wishing to be on-site. If you wish to be present during the re-inspection of your property, appointments will be made on a first come, first served basis during the dates outlined in the accompanying Program Procedure. In addition, we are asking that you have your sewage tank located and the lids exposed (excavated) prior to the arrival of MRSSO staff. If you require MRSSO staff assistance to locate/excavate the tank a \$20/lid (usually 2 lids) to a maximum of \$40 total will be charged for this service and again invoices will be issued in late fall at the end of the Program.

Please see the attached Septic Re-inspection Procedure for instructions on preparing for the inspection including filling out and returning the enclosed questionnaire.

Your active involvement in the Septic Re-Inspection Program begins with filling in the accompanying questionnaire to the best of your ability. After the re-inspection is completed, advice on proper maintenance will be provided both in person and in the report left onsite. If necessary, the MRSSO will initiate a dialogue and define an action plan with owners of systems deemed to be a concern to the environment or to public health. Owners of systems found to be installed, operating and maintained properly, but which are not in compliance with current requirements of Part 8 of the *Ontario Building Code* will be advised the system is likely to require upgrade or replacement prior to further site development. Funding assistance may be available for septic replacement depending on eligibility criteria.

Any comments regarding the Program in <u>general</u> or Council's strategy can be directed to Noelle Reeve, the Township Planner at (613) 267-5353. Program <u>specifics</u> or questions about your involvement in the Program should be directed to the MRSSO, (613) 253-6000

On behalf of Council, thank you in advance for your co-operation.

Noelle Reeve, Planner

#### PROGRAM AUTHORITY:

The Province of Ontario has delegated the responsibility to regulate on-site sewage systems (with total daily design flow of less than 10,000 litres per day) to municipalities. The authority to do so was transferred from the Environmental Protection Act to Part 8 of the Ontario Building Code which defines a sewage system as a "building". Implementation of Code requirements is meant to ensure proper installation, operation and maintenance of on-site sewage systems. A sewage system that is discharging effluent onto the surface of the ground, or that has not been maintained or operated in accordance with the Code is determined to be an unsafe "building". Any remedial action required will be addressed pursuant to the Ontario Building Code.

#### PERSONAL INFORMATION:

Collected as part of the Sewage Re-inspection Program will be used to facilitate communication between the Township, MRSSO and individual owners and will be protected in a confidential manner in accordance with the Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act. A summary report, containing no owner names, will be prepared for public viewing. Questions about the collection of personal information should be directed to Noelle Reeve





10970 Hwy. 7, Carleton Place, <u>ON\_K</u>7C 3P1

Phone: (613) 253-0006 Fax: (613) 253-0122

septic-inquiries@mvc.on.ca

Mailing Address

Date

# Voluntary Sewage System Re-Inspection Program Procedure

 The first step, if you choose to voluntarily participate, is to complete and return the questionnaire. Please <u>fill in</u>, <u>sign</u>, and return the <u>questionnaire</u> by fax, mail, email or now online, as soon as possible, to the number or address provided. Do not feel as though the form must be fully completed to return it to us; every bit of information is useful.

Classes of Sewage Systems Inspected:

Class 1-Earth Pit Privy, Composting Toilet...

Class 2-Greywater Pit

Class 3-Cesspool- Waste from a Class 1

Class 4-Septic Tank & Leaching Field

Class 5-Holding Tank

The intention of the Questionnaire is to provide our office with basic information regarding your sewage system(s) and its location on your property. Unfortunately the township does not have this information for every property.

#### The Questionnaire can be filled out and returned online at:

http://mvc.on.ca/mrsso-questionnaire/
. The Questionnaire only needs to be sent in using one of the listed methods above.

- Appointments are not required but can be made between 9 am 4 pm on a first come, first served basis, by
  contacting the MRSSO. If an appointment is not arranged, the MRSSO will schedule the re-inspection and
  notify you one week in advance.
- 3. The MRSSO requests that you expose both lids on your septic tank (most tanks have 2). There will be a \$40 (\$20/lid) maximum charge for the MRSSO to assist in locating and excavating the septic tank lids. This fee will be invoiced upon completion of the re-inspection. No cost will be incurred if excavation is not required. The MRSSO will re-cover the tank when the inspection is completed (at no cost) unless it is determined that a pump-out is required. The tank inspection includes a visual inspection of the tank components and measurement of sludge and scum in the tank. Please do not pump tank before the re-inspection.

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septic-inquiries@mvc.on.ca

- 4. The septic re-inspection will include the following items:
  - · Determining location of all systems
  - Measurement of separation distances to key lot features
  - Visual inspection of tank structure
  - Measurement of tank contents Please do not pump tank before inspection.
  - Visual inspection of bed
  - · Briefing the homeowner on proper system maintenance and operation.
- 5. A copy of the septic re-inspection report will be left on-site.

The primary role of the MRSSO, as the administrators of the re-inspection program, is to educate property owners about their onsite waste treatment system and any deficiencies with it. Our secondary role is to ensure that unsafe systems are reported to the appropriate Authority, based on the requirements of Part 8 of the Ontario Building Code. You, as the property owner, can expect the re-inspection, communication of results, and all inquiries to be dealt with in a professional manner.

Thank you in advance for your co-operation. We know you share the Township's desire to protect our water resources and ultimately the value of waterfront property around the lakes within the watersheds. Your participation in this program will assist in providing continued enjoyment of a clean, healthy waterfront environment for generations to come.

Yours Truly,

E. Wahlmith

Eric Kohlsmith | Re-inspection Program Coordinator | 613-253-0006 ext. 256 | septic-inquiries@mvc.on.ca





#### SEWAGE SYSTEM RE-INSPECTION IS AN IMPORTANT PART OF COUNCIL'S ENVIRONMENTAL STRATEGY

[Date]

For over ten years Tay Valley Township has had a voluntary septic re-inspection program. Mandatory Reinspections are new in the province and result from changes to the *Ontario Building Code* in January 2011 to implement requirements of the *Clean Water Act*. A properly functioning septic system is an integral part of a healthy lake environment. Improperly maintained systems can be a significant contributor of nutrient and bacteriological pollution to an adjacent water body. The Septic Re-Inspection Program is aimed at achieving a better understanding of system function, increasing owner education and preventative measures. The implications of poor maintenance are costly to the owner and to the community. Our program history shows owners are committed to protecting their lake lifestyle, as is the Township.

In the fall of 2011, the Lake and Property Owner Associations for Adam, Bennett, Bob's, Farren, Long, Otty and Pike Lake requested that Tay Valley Council consider implementing a program of mandatory septic reinspections on these lakes. As Council agreed to the request, your property is included in the Tay Valley Township Mandatory Septic Re-inspection Program. In 2016, Little Silver and Rainbow Lakes Property Owners Association followed the same procedure to be included in the 2017 Mandatory Re-Inspection Program To protect the water quality of your lake, you may schedule an appointment with the Mississippi Rideau Septic System Office (MRSSO) for the inspection at no cost to you. If you choose, you may be present for the inspection, but if it is not convenient you are not required to be present for the inspection. Alternatively, you may hire a third party certified inspection service to do the inspection.

Please see the attached Septic Re-inspection Procedure for instructions on preparing for the inspection including filling out and returning the enclosed questionnaire.

Your active involvement in the Septic Re-Inspection Program begins with filling in the accompanying questionnaire to the best of your ability. After the re-inspection is completed, advice on proper maintenance will be provided both in person and in the report left onsite. If necessary, the MRSSO will initiate a dialogue and define an action plan with owners of systems deemed to be a concern to the environment or to public health. Owners of systems found to be installed, operating and maintained properly, but which are not in compliance with current requirements of Part 8 of the *Ontario Building Code* will be advised the system is likely to require upgrade or replacement prior to further site development. Funding assistance may be available for septic replacement depending on eligibility criteria.

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Any comments regarding the Program in <u>general</u> or Council's strategy can be directed to Noelle Reeve, the Township Planner, at (613) 267-5353 ext. 128. Program <u>specifics</u> or questions about your involvement in the Program should be directed to Eric Kohlsmith, at the MRSSO, (613) 253-0006 ext. 256.

On behalf of Council, thank you in advance for your co-operation.

Noelle Reeve, Planner Tay Valley Township

#### PROGRAM AUTHORITY:

The Province of Ontario has delegated the responsibility to regulate on-site sewage systems (with total daily design flow of less than 10,000 litres per day) to municipalities. The authority to do so is found in Part 8 of the *Ontario Building Code* which defines a sewage system as a "building". A sewage system that is discharging effluent onto the surface of the ground, or that has not been maintained or operated in accordance with the *Code* is determined to be an unsafe "building". Any remedial action required will be addressed pursuant to the *Ontario Building Code*.

#### PERSONAL INFORMATION:

Information collected as part of the Septic Re-inspection Program will be used to facilitate communication between the Township, MRSSO and individual owners and will be protected in a confidential manner in accordance with the *Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*. A summary report, containing no owner names or addresses, will be prepared for public viewing. Questions about the collection of personal information should be directed to Noelle Reeve.







10970 Hwy. 7, Carleton Place, ON K7C 3P1

Phone: (613) 253-0006 Fax: (613) 253-0122

septic-inquiries@mvc.on.ca

**Mailing Address** 

Date

# 5 Easy Steps to Your Mandatory Sewage System Re-Inspection Program

We are pleased to provide free re-inspections on a number of septic systems including:

- Earth Pit Privies and Composting Toilets
- Greywater Pits
- Cesspools
- Septic Tanks & Leaching Fields
- Holding Tanks

Our professional, impartial staff are registered Building Official Inspectors who will provide advice on your current, care and maintenance and possible replacement options.

Here are the five steps of the Septic Re-inspection Program — from start to finish.

#### Step 1 — Complete and return the attached questionnaire

Do the best you can to complete the attached questionnaire and submit it by:

Fax: 613-253-0122

Email: septic-inquiries@mvc.on.ca

Mail: MRSSO 10970 Hwy. 7, Carleton Place ON\_K7C 3P1

Questionnaire can be filled out and returned online at http://mvc.on.ca/mrsso-questionnaire/.

The goal of the questionnaire is to provide us with some basic information about your system and where it is located.

#### Step 2 - Scheduled appointment

The re-inspection of your property LOCATION, is mandatory and will be conducted on DATE. If you would like to arrange an alternative inspection appointment, please contact our office - 613-253-0006 ext. 256 or septic-inquiries@mvc.on.ca.

#### Step 3 — Dig Your Lids

The MRSSO asks that you expose both lids on your septic tank (most tanks have two). If you are unable to dig out your own lids, there will be a \$40 (\$20/lid) maximum charge for the MRSSO to assist in locating and excavating the septic tank lids. This fee will be invoiced upon completion of the reinspection. No cost will be incurred if excavation is not required.

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10970 Hwy. 7, Carleton Place, ON\_K7C 3P1

Phone: (613) 253-0006 Fax: (613) 253-0122

septic-inquiries@mvc.on.ca

The MRSSO will re-cover the tank when the inspection is completed (at no cost) unless it is determined that a pump-out is required or you plan on conducting a pump out. The tank inspection includes a visual inspection of the tank components and measurement of sludge and soum in the tank.

Please do not pump tank before the re-inspection.

#### Step 4 — Inspection

The septic re-inspection will include the following:

- · Location of all system elements
- · Measurement of separation distances to key lot features
- Visual inspection of tank structure
- Measurement of tank contents Please do not pump tank before inspection.
- Visual inspection of bed
- Briefing the homeowner on proper system maintenance and operation.

#### Step 5 — Review your Re-inspection Report

A copy of the septic re-inspection report will be left for the property owner.

Our primary goal is to educate property owners about their septic system and any deficiencies it may have. Our secondary goal is to ensure that unsafe systems are reported to the appropriate Authority, based on the requirements of Part 8 of the Ontario Building Code. Staff will let you know of any funding assistance that may be available for septic replacement.

Property owners can expect the re-inspection, results, and all inquiries to be dealt with in a professional manner.

Thank you in advance for your co-operation in our program.

Working together we can protect our watershed resources. Your participation in this program will ensure a safe home with healthy groundwater and surface water and the continued enjoyment of a clean, healthy waterfront environment for generations to come.

Yours truly,

Eric Kohlsmith, MRSSO Re-inspection Program Coordinator

613-253-0006 ext. 256

septic-inquiries@mvc.on.ca

In Salarith







Participant Signature:

MRSSO 10970 Hwy. 7, Carleton Place, ON K7C 3P1 septic-inquiries@mvc.on.ca f: 613 253-0122 t: 613 253-0006

## Questionnaire

Please fill out as much information as possible, **as best as you can**, and return to the above address. Old septic or well records are excellent resources for the more technical questions. Mark any applicable boxes. If you select '**Other**' please specify. Please use the space noted as '**Correction**' to correct any of the supplied information. On the reverse, please identify the location of your septic system and other property features. Please **sign** the form to verify the information that has been provided.

| Property Owner                     |      | Auto Filled                         |        |                      |          |                   | Correction –<br>Property Ow<br>Spelling of N | ner,  |             |                    |                           |                     |
|------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|--------|----------------------|----------|-------------------|--|---|-------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| Mailing Address                    |      |                                     |        |                      |          |                   |  | New<br>ess  |             |                    |                           |                     |
| Telephone Number                   |      |                                     | Alteri | nate Number<br>)     |          |                   |  | Email .   | Address     |                    |                           |                     |
| - W - W - W -                      |      |                                     |        |                      |          |                   |  | Le  | ngth of Owr | nership            |                           | Lake Name           |
| Re-Inspection Property<br>Location | •    |                                     |        | Auto Fi              | illed    |                   |  |   |             |                    | 8                         | Auto Filled         |
|                                    |      |                                     |        |                      |          |                   |  | Pro   | perty Size  | #1                 | Bedrooms                  | Floor Area          |
| Roll Number                        |      |                                     |        | Auto Fi              | illed    |                   |  |   |             |                    |                           |                     |
| Property Use                       | F    | Residential [                       |        | Cottage              | /Seasona | al 🗌              | Commer                                       | rcial   |             |                    |                           |                     |
| B' B                               |      |                                     |        |                      |          |                   |  | Do you require assistance locating/excavating your ta |             |                    |                           |                     |
| Directions to Property             |      |                                     |        |                      |          |                   |  | Yes 🗌   |             |                    |                           | No 🗌                |
| General Location of<br>Tank        |      |                                     | ,      |                      |          |                   |  | * The   | ere is a ma | ximum o            | harge of \$               | 40 for this service |
| Sewage System<br>Type              |      | ss 1 🔲<br>Outhouse)                 |        | Class 2<br>Greywater |          | (                 |  |   |             |                    | Class 5 □<br>Holding Tank |                     |
| Tank Information                   | 050  | rete 🗌                              | PI     | lastic               |          | glass 🗌           | Metal Sewage Pump Yes [                      |   |             | Yes 🗌 No 🔲         |                           |                     |
|                                    |      |                                     |        |                      |          | (1)               | Is Pump in Septic Tank? Yes  Pump Out        |   |             | Yes No No          |                           |                     |
| Date of Last Pump out              |      |                                     |        |                      |          | Frequenc          |  |   |             |                    |                           |                     |
| Greywater Pit Structure            |      | Earth Rock Wood Rock                |        |                      | Other-   |                   |  |   |             |                    |                           |                     |
| Privy Pit Structure Earth Ro       |      |                                     | Rock 🗌 | Woo                  | od 🗌     | Other-            |  |   |             |                    |                           |                     |
| Date System(s) Installe            |      |                                     |        | Sewage S<br>Permit # | System   |                   |  |   |             |                    |                           |                     |
| Water Source Drilled               | ] Di | Dug ☐ Lake ☐ Imported ☐ Drink Treat |        |                      |          | Drinkin<br>Treatm | g Water Y                                    | ′es □ N   |             | ype of<br>reatment |                           |                     |
|                                    |      |                                     |        |                      |          |                   |  |   |             |                    |                           |                     |

(Signature)

Participant Name: \_

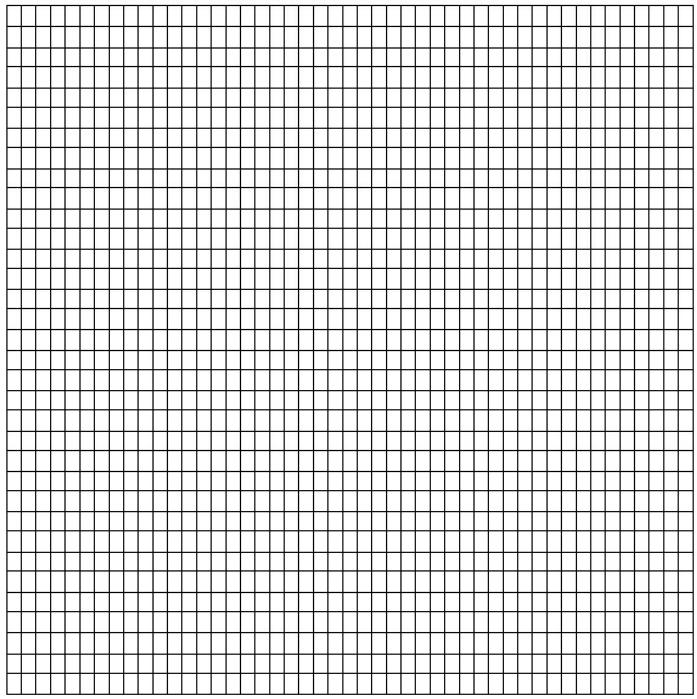
(Please Print)



MRSSO 10970 Hwy. 7, Carleton Place, ON K7C 3P1 septic-inquiries@mvc.on.ca f: 613 253-0122 t: 613 253-0006

## Site Sketch

Please include the locations as well as the distances between any septic components (tank, bed, privy, greywater pit), structures (house, shed, garage), water bodies (lakes, rivers, creeks, wetlands), farming activities, or wells.



| Participant Signature: |             | Participant Name: |                |  |  |
|------------------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------|--|--|
|                        | (Signature) | •                 | (Please Print) |  |  |

# MANDATORY SEPTIC RE-INSPECTION PROGRAM



Your township is committed to protecting the health of the watershed. Your participation in this re-inspection program will ensure a safe home with healthy groundwater and surface water and the continued enjoyment of a clean, healthy waterfront environment for generations to come.

# **Questions?** Contact:

# Eric Kohlsmith

Mississippi Rideau Septic System Office (MRSSO)

10970 Highway 7, Carleton Place, ON K7C 3P1 T 613-253-0006 ext 256 F 613-253-0122

Email: ekohlsmith@mvc.on.ca







For the health of your home, your lake and your community!

### MANDATORY SEPTIC RE-INSPECTION PROGRAM RESULTS:

| Inspection No             |              | Inspection Date  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| System Class Class 1 (Pri | vy/Compostir | ing Toilet) □Class 2 (GW Pit) □Class 3 □Class 4 □Class |  |  |  |  |
| System Status             |              | Remedial Work Required                                 |  |  |  |  |
| □ NO CONCERNS             |              | □ PUMP OUT REQUIRED                                    |  |  |  |  |
| ☐ REMEDIAL WORK REQU      | IRED         | ☐ MONITOR CORROSION IN TANK                            |  |  |  |  |
| ☐ SYSTEM REPLACEMENT      | REQUIRED     | ☐ BAFFLE REQUIRED ☐ INLET ☐ OUTLET                     |  |  |  |  |
| ☐ MORE INFORMATION R      | EQUIRED      | ☐ REMOVE TREES & SHRUBS FROM LEACHING BED              |  |  |  |  |
| Recommendation            |              |  |  |  |  |  |
| ☐ HIGH LEVELALARM         | ☐ EFFLU      | UENT FILTER ☐ TANK LID RISERS                          |  |  |  |  |
| Comments                  |              |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           |              |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           |              |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           |              |  |  |  |  |  |
|                           |              |  |  |  |  |  |

### 

- · familiarize yourself with the location of
- your system
   keep the tank access lid secured to the
- riser at all times

   keep an "as-built" system diagram in a safe place for reference
- keep accurate records of septic system maintenance and service calls
- test your well water at least three times a year —spring, summer and fall for indicator bacteria
- have your tank inspected for sludge and scum buildup on a regular basis (3-5 years) and clean out when a third of the depth of your tank is full of sludge and scum have your effluent filter checked and
- cleaned every year, if you don't have an effluent filter, consider adding one
- · divert surface water away from your leaching bed

  conserve water in the house to reduce the
- amount of wastewater that must be treated
- repair leaky plumbing fixtures and replace inefficient toilets with low-flush models
- consider installing a lint filter on your washing machine's discharge pipe
   spread the number of loads of laundry throughout the week

### Don't

- enter a tank gases and lack of oxygen can
- · put cooking oils or food waste down the
- · flush hazardous chemicals, pharmaceuticals,

- flush hazardous chemicals, pharmaceuticals, cigarette butts or sanitary products
  use a garbage disposal unit/garburator
  unless your system has been designed for it
  use special additives that are claimed to
  enhance the performance of your tank or
  system you don't need them!
  dig without knowing the location of your
  leaching head.
- leaching bed

  trive or park over your tank or leaching bed

- allow livestock on the leaching bed
   allow livestock on the leaching bed
   plant trees or shrubs too close to the septic tank or leaching bed
   connect rain gutters, storm drains, sump pumps or allow surface water to drain
- onnect leaching bed or greywater system
   connect leaching bed or greywater system
   to agricultural field drainage
   discharge water softener backwash to
   the septic system unless your system has

- been designed for it drain hot tub and spa water to the septic system

Thank you for your participaton — your report will be emailed within 5 business days

# Appendix B Description of a Site Inspection

### **Tank Inspection**

The septic tank is located first by visually inspecting the property for signs of a system, using metal probes and information provided by the property owner. Once the tank was located both the inlet and outlet access ports are uncovered, and the soil placed on a tarp for tidiness. The lids are removed using a crow bar or shovel to 'crack' it open, or break the seal which forms over time if it is a concrete lid. The lids are lifted off with a 'J-hook', a long handled hook which allows two people, on either side of the lid to safely and easily lift off the heavy lid.

A visual inspection of the tank condition is made, and a measurement of the solids content is taken. A sludge judge is used for to take the measurement and is essentially a clear plastic tube with a ball valve on the bottom and 1 foot increments marked on the side of the tube. The judge is lowered into the first chamber of the tank and a cross section of the contents in the tank is obtained. The judge is then pulled out of the tank and the depth of the solids is noted. Often the ball valve plugs up and the contents run out of the bottom. In that case the solids in the bottom are felt by a change in density and the depth is noted.

A visual inspection of the baffles is done as well as a check that the partition wall is in working order. If the solids in the second chamber are as high as the first chamber it can be an indication that the partition wall has suffered some damage. We also check for roots in the tank, and look for the presence of effluent filters before replacing the lids and restoring the area to its original condition.

One of the most frequent questions a homeowner asks is "How often should I pump my tank?" Most government documents and information publications suggest that a septic tank should be pumped out every 3-5 years. Another resource is the OBC, which requires that a septic tank be pumped out when the sludge and scum occupy 1/3 of the working capacity of the tank (8.9.3.4.(1)). This will prevent the sewage from traveling too quickly through the septic tank, not allowing the solids and fats to properly separate from the effluent. To give the homeowner, on an individual basis, an estimation of the frequency for pumping out their septic tank, the depth of sludge and scum was measured during the tank inspection.



**Estimated Septic Tank Pumping Interval in Years** 

| Tank Size                 |      | Household Size (Number of People) |      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|---------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| (L)                       | 1    | 2                                 | 3    | 4   | 5   | 6   | 7   | 8   | 9   | 10  |
| 1,890                     | 5.8  | 2.6                               | 1.5  | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 |     |
| 2,840                     | 9.1  | 4.2                               | 2.6  | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| (≅2,700)                  | 10.1 |                                   | 0.7  | 0.0 | 0.0 |     | 4.0 | 4.0 | 0.0 |     |
| 3790<br>( <u>≤</u> 3,600) | 12.4 | 5.9                               | 3.7  | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| 4,730                     | 15.6 | 7.5                               | 4.8  | 3.4 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| 5,670                     | 18.9 | 9.1                               | 5.9  | 4.2 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.3 |
| 6,620                     | 22.1 | 10.7                              | 6.9  | 5.0 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.6 |
| 7,570                     | 25.4 | 12.4                              | 8.0  | 5.9 | 4.5 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2.0 |
| 8,520                     | 28.6 | 14.0                              | 9.1  | 6.7 | 5.2 | 4.2 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.3 |
| 9,460                     | 31.9 | 15.6                              | 10.2 | 7.5 | 5.9 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 2.6 |

### **Visual Re-Inspection**

The visual re-inspection consists of a walk around the property looking for water sources, sewage systems or any suspicious things such as pipes to the surface. Measurements are taken between the sewage system components and water bodies, as well as to water sources. A GPS reading is taken at the shoreline, all sewage system components, and wells.

The operation or failure of the bed was assessed by looking for conditions of lush vegetation, wet areas, surface discharge, tree or root growth, side slopes and erosion control.



### Appendix C Ontario Building Code References

### **System Classification**

Class 1 – all privies (portable, earth pit, vault, chemical, incinerating and composting).

Class 2 – a greywater system

Class 3 – a cesspool

Class 4 – a leaching bed system

Class 5 – a holding tank

8.1.2.1(1)

### Minimum Clearances for Classes 1, 2 and 3

| 8.2.1.5(1)      | Horizontal        | Horizontal         | Horizontal        | Minimum       |
|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------|
|                 | distance (m)      | distance (m)       | distance (m)      | horizontal    |
|                 | from a well with  | from a spring      | from lake, river, | distance to   |
|                 | watertight casing | used as a source   | pond, stream,     | property line |
|                 | to a depth of at  | of portable water  | reservoir or      |               |
|                 | least 6m          | or well other than | spring not used   |               |
|                 |                   | a well with        | as a source of    |               |
|                 |                   | watertight casing  | portable water    |               |
|                 |                   | to a depth less    |                   |               |
|                 |                   | than 6m            |                   |               |
| Earth Pit Privy | 15                | 30                 | 15                | 3             |
| Privy Vault     | 10                | 15                 | 10                | 3             |
| Pail Privy      |                   |                    |                   |               |
| Greywater       | 10                | 15                 | 15                | 3             |
| System          |                   |                    |                   |               |
| Cesspool        | 30                | 60                 | 15                | 3             |

#### Minimum Clearances for Treatment Units

| Structure     | 1.5m |
|---------------|------|
| Well          | 15m  |
| Lake          | 15m  |
| Pond          | 15m  |
| Reservoir     | 15m  |
| River         | 15m  |
| Spring        | 15m  |
| Stream        | 15m  |
| Property Line | 3m   |

### Minimum Clearances for Distributing Piping

| Structure                        | 5m  |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| Well with a watertight casing to | 15m |
| a depth of 6m                    |     |
| Any other well                   | 30m |
| Lake                             | 15m |
| Pond                             | 15m |
| Reservoir                        | 15m |
| River                            | 15m |
| A spring not used as a source    | 15m |
| of potable water                 |     |
| Stream                           | 15m |
| Property Line                    | 3m  |

### Minimum Clearances for Holding Tanks

| Structure                                      | 1.5m |
|--|------|
| Well with a watertight casing to a depth of 6m | 15m  |
| Any other well                                 | 15m  |
| Spring   | 15m  |
| Property Line                                  | 3m   |



### Appendix D Program Authority

### Voluntary

The *Building Code Act* (BCA)(1992), and Part 8 of the Ontario Building Code (OBC) regulates the design, construction, operation and maintenance of sewage systems. The OBC however, has powers which only extend to those systems with a design flow of less than 10,000 Litres/day, serving no more than one lot. Systems which do not fall within these parameters are regulated by the Ministry of the Environment, under the *Ontario Water Resources Act*.

The authority for the Mississippi Valley Conservation and Rideau Valley Conservation Authority, and other enforcement agencies, to conduct inspections of potentially unsafe sewage systems is provided by BCA s.15.9(1). This act provides inspectors with the right of entry onto land "to determine whether a building is unsafe", under part 1 of the OBC an on-site sewage system is treated as a building and BCA s.15.9(3) deems a sewage system to be "unsafe" if it is not maintained or operated in accordance with the BCA and the OBC. BCA s.18 outlines the powers that an inspector may exercise for the purposes of carrying out an inspection. If the inspector finds the system to be "unsafe", he or she may make an order under BCA s.15.9(4) setting out the steps necessary to render the building safe, and may require that the steps be taken within a certain period of time. This enforcement for the Tay Valley Township will be carried out by their Chief Building Official (CBO) or his/her appointed representative.

Further authority will be given with amendments proposed to the BCA under the *Clean Water Act, 2005*, this act was passed on October 18, 2006 and will help protect drinking water sources for all Ontarians.

A visual inspection of the sewage system can determine if the system is "unsafe", defined in OBC 8.9.1.2 as a breakout of effluent onto the surface, contamination of a well or of a surface water source. Clearance distances to the well and surface water from the sewage system can also be verified by a visual inspection. To determine if the system is being maintained and operated in accordance with the OBC and the BCA, a thorough inspection of the tank is necessary.

### Mandatory

See Tay Valley Township By-Law # 2012-009 Appendix E Property Selection Protocol



# Tay Valley Township:

# Voluntary Septic Re-Inspection Property Selection Protocol



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# 7 Purpose

The following protocol was developed to describe the current property selection procedure and identify any issues with the procedure. The Protocol shall be updated when required or at least once a year as indicated in the file name

Property Selection Protocol mm-dd-yyyy.docx



### 8 Point Form Overview

Instructions on how to select targeted properties using SLIM:

- 1. Start in May of current Year
- 2. Select a lake using the Lake Rotation Table
- 3. Log into SLIMS and create 30 meter buffer around a selected lake
- 4. Highlight desired layer and select within. i.e. Re-inspection...
- Run mail list report (or custom report) and download into and Excel Workbook
- 6. Use roll numbers from worksheet to conduct search for properties that do not meet search criteria
- 7. Repeat steps 3 thru 6 to obtain the following information:
  - 1) septic permit >10 year ago
  - 2) has no permit
  - 3) has not been re-inspected
  - 4) the property is not vacant
- 8. Complete the same process for other lakes.
- 9. Sort worksheets from step 7 to create Master Mail-out worksheet.



## 9 Detailed Standard Operating Procedure

- Starts in May of current year
- Septic permit information and septic re-inspections are updated by CGIS twice annually – generally January and July
- The selection process starts with the lake rotation table.
- After lakes are selected the process is based on information provided to CGIS
- This buffer selection process is based on one provided by CGIS upon our request for assistance and is as follows:
  - Log into SLIMS and zoom to whatever Lake you are working on
  - Ensure the SLIMS Selection Mode is set to Intersection:
    - Right click on the map Help Preferences
    - Change Selection Mode to Intersection, if it's not already set
    - Turn on the Septic Reinspections layer
    - Select the lake you'd like to find the properties on
    - Create a buffer of, for example, 10 meters 30m used if that's far enough.

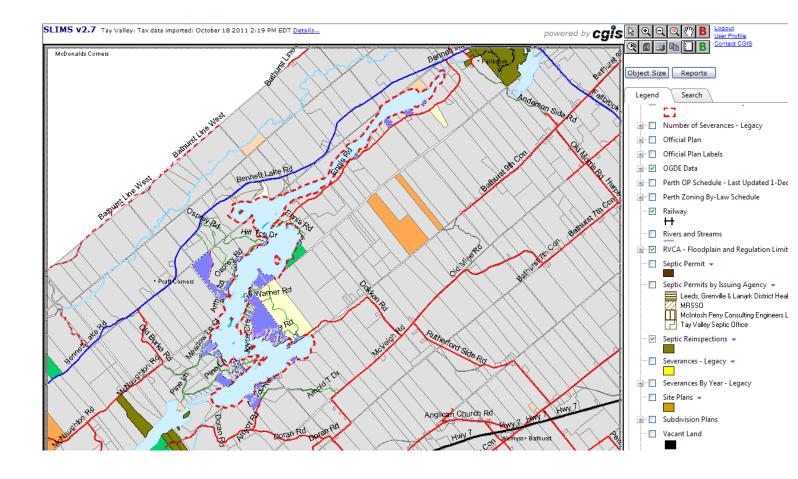


o Select

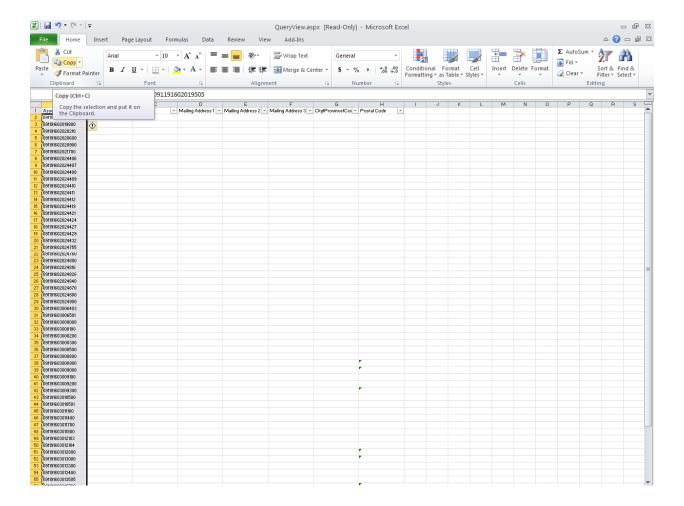
### the buffer:

- Right click on the map Select Within
- Highlight the Septic Reinspection layer from the list, press OK (this will highlight all the properties that already have inspections done on that lake)





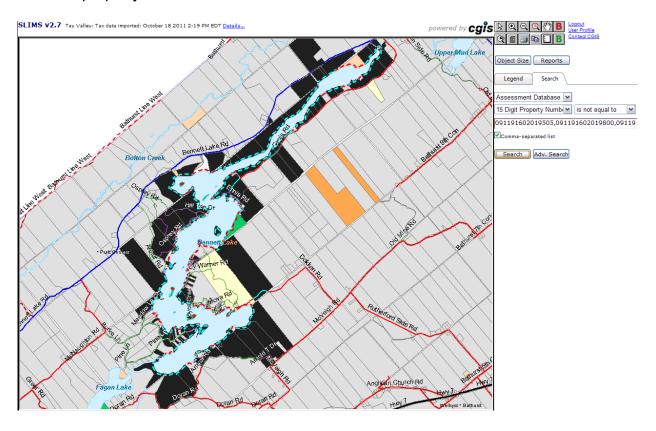
- o Run a Mail list report, or custom report
  - Click the download results, and open in Excel
  - Highlight column A (15 digit property numbers) and COPY



- o Back in SLIMS
- Highlight the buffer again
  - Right click on the map Select Within
  - Highlight the Parcels layer from the list, press OK
- Under Search paste the 15 digit property number list in the search box
  - Change the search criteria from "Contains" to "is not equal to"
- Check off the "comma separated list" box
- Press the Search button



- When the Search Results window comes up, check off the "Only show records that link to the selected features on map" box
- The Search Results will now display ONLY the parcels on that lake that DO NOT have a septic inspection registered with that 15-digit property number"



The process is repeated to create lists based on the following parameter...

- o Total Parcels
- o Septic Permit
- o Re-Inspection
- MPAC Property Codes (Vacant Property)
- Lists are then sorted against each other to obtain the end result –
  waterfront properties that either have a septic permit that is 10yrs or
  greater or does not have permit information, has not been re-inspected in
  the past, and is not vacant.
- The process is completed for the other lakes.

A Master Mail out Excel Workbook is then created from the individual Excel Workbooks.



## 10 Property Selection Example:

For example our search for Bennett lake resulted in:

- o 214 total parcels within 30m of the lake (waterfront)
- 180 parcels either have a septic permit that is 10yrs or greater or does not have permit information
- 128 parcels have not been re-inspected in the past
- 91 properties are not vacant (MPAC property codes are used to determine if a property is vacant )

\*Therefore on Bennett Lake, 91 parcels are waterfront properties that either have a septic permit that is 10yrs or greater or does not have permit information, has not been re-inspected in the past, and is not vacant.



# 11 Identified Issues and Corrective Steps:

The following table lists current issues and corrective steps the MRSSO has identified with the current selection process. An amended protocol will be created once all comments have been received.

| Current Procedure   | Identified Issue  | Corrective Step   |
|---|---|---|
| Starts in May of current<br>year  | Timeline too narrow   | Selection process should begin in March to allow for cross-referencing of hard copy material – i.e. property files  |
| Septic permit information and septic re-inspections are updated by CGIS twice annually – generally January and July | Report on Roll Numbers that do not link to a property should be requested to ensure accuracy of data  | <ul> <li>Requested report from CGIS on Oct. 19/11 on incorrect Roll numbers to be researched and corrected by the next CGIS update (January 2019).</li> <li>Have roll numbers auto filled in database to prevent entry error.</li> <li>Research cost of an online CGIS based data form for permit and re-inspection entry.</li> <li>Create a report of properties with septic permits but no permit number – work with Tay Valley to fill in gaps – co-op student may be utilized - We will look into ability to have student assistance for task.</li> </ul> |
| After lakes are selected the process is based on information provided to CGIS                                       | Property selection currently is not accurate  | Other solutions should correct issue  |
| Right click on the map –<br>Select – Within   | It has been noted that this can result in varying results when selecting – Bennett lake varied from 214 to 2008 parcels within the buffer.        | Consulted with CGIS on Oct. 19/11 regarding issue.  |
| Lists are then sorted against each other to obtain the end result   | Lists are sorted using the sort A-Z function in Excel and then duplicates are removed manually – the manual removal can cause an inaccurate list. | <ul> <li>Two identical files should be created and items sorted and removed and then compared for accuracy</li> <li>Research other means in sorting or gathering data to eliminate the manual procedure.</li> </ul>   |



